

Unit 5 – Populations and Samples

Self Evaluation Quiz

1. Consider the following **population** comprised of $N=5$ individuals. The variable measured is the grams of dietary fat consumed in a 24 hour period as determined via a food diary:

<u>PERSON</u>	<u>FAT(g)</u>
1	130
2	192
3	201
4	185
5	212

- a. Compute the following **population** parameters (**Note** - I am asking for values of *population* parameters, **not** values of sample statistics such as \bar{X} or S^2 . Thus, in the calculation of σ^2 , the division will be by the population size (N) and not by $(n-1)$ which is the divisor in the calculation of the sample variance S^2 - cb):

- i) mean, μ
- ii) variance, σ^2
- iii) standard deviation, σ
- iv) median

- b. If we sample **with replacement** and choose samples of size $n=2$ from this population, how many possible samples are there?

- c. Write down the observations in each of these samples. Compute for each sample of size $n=2$: (**Note** – Now I am asking for values of sample statistics such as \bar{X} or S^2 .- cb):

- i) Mean, \bar{X}
- ii) Variance, S^2
- iii) standard deviation, S
- iv) median

- d. Compute the **sampling distribution** mean of each of the four sampling distributions in (c) and compare these with the population parameters in (a). **Note** - This exercise asks you to compute the mean of the collection of means you got in (c), the mean of the collection of variances you got in (c), etc. - cb
- e. Based upon (d), which statistics are unbiased estimates of their respective parameters, and which are biased?
- f. Compute the variance of the sampling distribution of the sample mean and compare it to the variance of the original population of 5 observations.