I. This question concerns a type of verb that we did not talk about in class.

Sentences 1(a) and 1(b) are roughly synonymous, as are sentences 2(a) and 2(b). However, 3(a) and (b) and 4 (a) and (b) are not synonymous. Explain these facts in terms of properties of the matrix verbs. Give a tree for 1a and 3a. If the any problems arise for a feature-checking approach, discuss them.

1. a. The president expects Biden to call the new Senator
   b. The president expects the new Senator to be called by Biden.

2. a. Mika considers Kim to have betrayed Joel.
   b. Mika considers Joel to have been betrayed by Kim.

3. a. Mika persuaded Kim to betray Joel.
   b. Mika persuaded Joel to be betrayed by Kim.

4. a. The president ordered Biden to call the new Senator.
   b. The president ordered the new Senator to be called by Biden.

II. Does your account predict the difference between the behavior of the anaphors in (5) and (6)? If so, explain how. If not, amend your account so that it does.

5. a. Joe expects Nancy to embarrass herself.
   b. *Joe expects Nancy to embarrass himself.

6. a. Joe persuaded Nancy to embarrass herself.
   b. *Joe persuaded Nancy to embarrass himself.

III. How does the verb ‘promise’ differ from the verbs ‘persuade’ and ‘expect’? Explain the following facts in terms of the properties of the verb ‘promise.’ If any problems arise for a feature-checking approach, discuss them.

7. a. Mika promised Kim to betray Joel.
   b. Mika promised Joel to be betrayed by Kim.

8. a. *Joe promised Nancy to embarrass herself.
   b. Joe promised Nancy to embarrass himself.